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|   | PENINSULA MEGA-CITY DEVELOPMENT PRIVATE                 | LIMITED    |  |
|   |   |            |  |
|   | Audited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31st Ma | arch, 2017 |  |
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|   | Amit Desai & Co   |            |  |
|   | Chartered Accountants 43 Sunbeam Apartments,            |            |  |
|   | 3A Pedder Road, Mumbai - 400 026.                       |            |  |
|   | E-mail Id: amitdesaiandco@gmail.com                     |            |  |
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# Amit Desai & Co





43 Sunbeam Apartments 3A Pedder Road, Mumbai 400 026 Maharashtra, India

Tel. No.: +91-022-2351224

93222 69386 E-mail: amitdesaiandco@gmail.cor

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

## To the Members of PENINSULA MEGA-CITY DEVELOPMENT PRIVATE LIMITED

## **Report on the Ind AS Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS financial statements of PENINSULA MEGA-CITY DEVELOPMENT PRIVATE LIMITED ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31 March 2017, the statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the statement of cash flows and the statement of changes in equity for the year then ended and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (herein after referred to as "Ind AS financial statements").

## **Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements**

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with relevant rules issued thereunder. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these Ind AS financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the Ind AS financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances.

An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Ind AS financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Ind AS financial statements.

## Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including the Ind AS, of the financial position of the Company as at 31 March, 2017, and its financial performance including other comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

## Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- (1) As required by the Companies (Auditors' Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Sub-Section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, we give in "Annexure 1", a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- (2) As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
  - b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
  - c. The balance sheet, the statement of profit and loss, the statement of cash flows and the statement of changes in equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
  - d. in our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act read with relevant rule issued thereunder;



- e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March 2017 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2017 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
- f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, we give our separate Report in "Annexure 2";
- g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - (i) The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
  - (ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts. Hence, the question of any material foreseeable losses does not arise;
  - (iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company;
  - (iv) the Company has provided requisite disclosures in its Ind AS Financial Statements as to holdings as well as dealings in Specified Bank Notes during the period from 8 November, 2016 to 30 December, 2016 and these are in accordance with the books of accounts maintained by the Company. Refer Note 12(H) to the Ind AS Financial Statements.

For Amit Desai & Co

**Chartered Accountants** 

ICAI Firm Registration No. 130710W

(Amit N. Desai)

**Partner** 

Membership No. 032926

Mumbai: 8th May, 2017



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#### ANNEXURE 1 TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

[Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' in the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of PENINSULA MEGA-CITY DEVELOPMENT PRIVATE LIMITED on the Ind AS financial statements for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2017]

- (i) The Company does not have any fixed assets and hence provisions of Paragraph 3(i) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (ii) The Company does not have any inventories and hence provisions of Paragraph 3(ii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (iii) The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to Companies, firms or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Act, hence the provisions of Paragraph 3 (iii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (iv) Based on information and explanation given to us the Company has not given any loans or made any investments or provided any guarantees or securities; hence the provisions of Paragraph 3(iv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (v) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits from the public within the provisions of Sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the rules framed there under.
- (vi) The Central Government of India has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under Sub-Section (1) of Section 148 of the Act for any of the activities of the Company.

(vii)

(a) The Company is regular in depositing with appropriate authorities, undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other material statutory dues applicable to it.

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According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other material statutory dues applicable to it, were outstanding, at the year end, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

(b) According to the information and explanation given to us, there are no dues with respect to income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.



- (viii) The Company does not have any loans or borrowings from any financial institutions, banks, Government or debenture holders during the year; hence the provisions of Paragraph 3(viii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (ix) The Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans during the year. Hence the provisions of Paragraph 3(ix) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (x) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of fraud by the Company or any fraudion the Company by its officers or employees, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such instance by the management.
- (xi) The Company has not paid or provided any managerial remuneration; hence the provisions of Paragraph 3 (xi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xii) In our opinion, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Therefore, the provisions of Paragraph 3(xii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) As per the information and explanation given to us, all transactions entered into by the Company with the related parties are in compliance with Sections 177 and 188 of Act, where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the Ind AS Financial Statements etc., as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review. Therefore, the provisions of Paragraph 3(xiv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xv) The Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Therefore, the provisions of Paragraph 3(xv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) Based on the information and explanation given to us the Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

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Mumba M. No.

32926

For Amit Desai & Co

**Chartered Accountants** 

ICAI Firm Registration No. 130710W

(Amit N. Desai)

Partner

Membership No. 032926

Mumbai: 8<sup>th</sup> May, 2017

## ANNEXURE 2 TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

[Referred to in paragraph 2 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' in the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of PENINSULA MEGA-CITY DEVELOPMENT PRIVATE LIMITED on the Ind AS financial statements for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2017]

Report on the Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-Section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of PENINSULA MEGA-CITY DEVELOPMENT PRIVATE LIMITED ("the Company") as of March 31, 2017 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

## Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

## **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness.

Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.



## Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

## Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

## Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2017, based on the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by ICA!.

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Mumba M. No.

For Amit Desai & Co

**Chartered Accountants** 

ICAI Firm Registration No. 130710W

(Amit N. Desai)

**Partner** 

Membership No. 032926

Mumbai: 8<sup>th</sup> May, 2017

## PENINSULA MEGA-CITY DEVELOPMENT PRIVATE LIMITED Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2017

|   |          |                  |                  | (Rs. in Lakhs)   |
|---|----------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Particulars ************************************                          | Note No. | As at 31.03.2017 | As at 31.03.2016 | As at 01.04.2015 |
| ASSETS  |          |                  |                  |                  |
| Current Assets  |          |                  |                  |                  |
| Financial Assets Cash & Cash Equivalents                                  |          |                  |                  |                  |
| Casif & Casif Equivalents   | 2        | 1.01             | 1.25             | 1.54             |
|   |          | 1.01             | 1.25             | 1.54             |
| TOTAL ASSETS  |          | <b>41,01</b>     | 1.25             | 1.54             |
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES  |          |                  |                  |                  |
|   | ar a     |                  |                  |                  |
| Equity  |          |                  |                  |                  |
| (a) Equity Share Capital  | 3        | 1.00             | 1.00             | 1.00             |
| (b) Other Equity  Total Equity  | 4        | (38.25)          | (34.56)          | (31.33)          |
| Total Equity  |          | (37.25)          | (33.56)          | (30.33)          |
| Mon-Current Liabilities   |          |                  |                  |                  |
| (a) Financial Liabilities   |          |                  |                  |                  |
| Borrowings  | 5        | -                | 31.35            | 27.06            |
| (b) Deferred Tax Liabilities  | 12 (F)   | 1.78             | 3.32             | 4.64             |
|   |          | 1.78             | 34.67            | 31.70            |
| Current Liabilities   |          |                  |                  |                  |
| (a) <u>Financial Liabilities</u>  |          |                  |                  |                  |
| Trade Payables  | 6        | 0.15             | 0.14             | 0.16             |
| Other Financial Liabilities   | 7        | 36.33            | 0.14             | 0.13             |
|   |          | 36.47            | 0.14             | 0.16             |
| TOTAL EQUITY & LIABILITIES  |          | 1.01             | 1.25             | 1.54             |
|   |          | 1.01             | 1,23             | 1.54             |
| Significant Accounting Policies   | 1        |                  | Ì                |                  |
| The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements | 12       |                  |                  |                  |
| part of these managements   | 12       |                  |                  | į                |
|   |          | <u> </u>         |                  |                  |

Res Per Our Report of Even Date

For Amit Desai & Co

**Chartered Accountants** 

ICAI Firm Reg. No.: 130710W

MUMBAI

Mumbai M. No. 32926

(Amit N. Desai) Partner

Membership No. 032926

Mumbai: 0 8 MAY 2017

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Amish Yoddha

DIN No. 07081489

Director

Amardeepika Kashyap

DIN No.07018749

Director

## PENINSULA MEGA-CITY DEVELOPMENT PRIVATE LIMITED Statement of Profit and Loss for the Year Ended March 31, 2017

(Rs. in Lakhs)

|  |          |            | (KS. IN Lakins) |
|--|----------|------------|-----------------|
| Particulars  | Note No. | Year Ended | Year Ended      |
| Farticulars  | Note No. | 31.03.2017 | 31.03.2016      |
| INCOME   |          |            |                 |
| Revenue from Operations  |          | _          | -               |
| Other Income   | 8        | _          | 0.02            |
| Total Income   |          | -          | 0.02            |
| EXPENSES   |          |            |                 |
| Finance Costs  | 9        | 4.98       | 4.29            |
| Oth er Expenses  | 10       | 0.25       | 0.29            |
| Total Expenses   |          | 5.23       | 4.58            |
| Profit/(Loss) Before Exceptional Items and Tax                 | ,'       | (5.23)     | (4.56)          |
| Exceptional Items  |          | -          | -               |
| Profit/(Loss) Before Tax                                       |          | (5.23)     | (4.56)          |
| ix Expenses:   |          |            |                 |
| Current Tax  |          | -          | -               |
| Deferred Tax   |          | 1.54       | 1.33            |
| Total Tax Expenses   |          | 1.54       | 1.33            |
| <br> Profit/(Loss) After Tax for the Year ( A )                |          | (3.69)     | (3.23)          |
| Other Comprehensive Income for the Year (B)                    |          | -          | -               |
| Total Comprehensive Income for the Year ( A + B )              |          | (3.69)     | (3.23)          |
| Earnings Per Equity Share:                                     |          |            |                 |
| Basic & Diluted (in Rs.)                                       | 12 (E)   | (36.91)    | (32.29)         |
| Significant Accounting Policies                                | 1        |            |                 |
| The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial | 12       |            |                 |
| statements   | 12       |            |                 |

As Per Our Report of Even Date

For Amit Desai & Co

**Chartered Accountants** 

ICAI Firm Reg. No.: 130710

(Amit N. Desai)

Partner KR/

Membership No. 03292

Mumbai:

0 8 MAY 2017

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Amish Yoddha

DIN No. 07081489

Amardeepika Kashyap

DIN No.07078749

Director

Director

## PENINSULA MEGA-CITY DEVELOPMENT PRIVATE LIMITED Cash Flow Statement for the Year Ended March 31, 2017

(Rs. in Lakhs

|    |  |           |                          | (KS. IN Lakns            |
|----|--|-----------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
|    | Particulars : 199  | Francisco | Year Ended<br>31.03,2017 | Year Ended<br>31.03.2016 |
| A. | CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES                            |           |                          |                          |
|    | Net Profit/ (Loss) Before Tax                                  |           | (5.23)                   | (4.56                    |
|    | Adjustments for:   |           | ì                        | ,                        |
|    | Interest Expenses  |           | 4.97                     | 4.29                     |
|    | Operating Profit/(Loss) Before Working Capital Changes         |           | (0.25)                   | (0.26)                   |
|    | Adjustments for:   |           |                          |                          |
|    | Trade Payables   |           | 0.01                     | (0.02)                   |
| 1  | Net cash flows generated from / (used in) Operating Activities | (A)       | (0.24)                   | (0.28)                   |
| В. | CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES                            |           | _                        | _                        |
|    | Net cash flows generated from / (used in) Investing Activities | (B)       | -                        | _                        |
| C. | CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES                            |           |                          |                          |
|    | Net Proceeds of Loan from a Parent Company                     |           | _                        | _                        |
| ~  | Net cash flows generated from / (used in) Financing Activities | (C)       | -                        | _                        |
|    | Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents (A)+(B)+(C)          |           | (0.2.1)                  |                          |
|    |  |           | (0.24)                   | (0.28)                   |
|    | Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year         |           | 1.25                     | 1.54                     |
|    | Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year               |           | 1.01                     | 1.25                     |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

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- 1 The above cash flow statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS 7) - Statement of Cash Flows.
- Previous year figures have been regrouped, rearranged or reclassified wherever necessary to conform to the current year's classifications.

As Per Our Report of Even Date

For Amit Desai & Co

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Reg. No.: 1307 0

(Amit N. Desai)

Partner

Membership No. 0329269

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Amish Yoddha

DIN No. 07081489

Director

Amardeepika Kashyap

DIN No.07d78749

Director

Mumbai 0 8 MAY 2017

## PENINSULA MEGA-CITY DEVELOPMENT PRIVATE LIMITED Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended March 31, 2017

(A) Equity Share Capital

(Rs. In Lakhs)

| Particulars                                     | Note No. | Amount |
|---|----------|--------|
| As at 1st April, 2015                           |          | 1.00   |
| Changes in equity share capital during the year |          | -      |
| As at 31st March, 2016                          | 2        | 1.00   |
| Changes in equity share capital during the year |          | -      |
| As at 31st March, 2017                          |          | 1.00   |

## (B) Other Equity

(Rs. In Lakhs)

|   |                      | Reserve & Surplus             |  |         |
|---|----------------------|-------------------------------|--|---------|
| Particulars                                       | Retained<br>Earnings | Other<br>Comprehens<br>Income | Other Reserves - Interest Free Loan by Ultimate Parent Company | Total   |
| Balance at April 1, 2015                          | (41.71)              |                               | _  | (41.71) |
| Ind AS Adjustments as at April 1, 2015            | (4.64)               |                               | 15.03  | 10.39   |
| Changes in Accounting Policy / Prior Period Items |                      | -                             | _  | -       |
| Restated Balance as at the April 1, 2015          | (46.36)              |                               | 15.03  | (31.33) |
| Profit / (Loss) for the Year                      | (3.23)               |                               | -  | (3.23)  |
| Other Comprehensive Income for the Year           | -                    |                               | -  | ÷       |
| Total Comprehensive Income for the Year           | (3.23)               |                               | _  | (3.23)  |
| Balance as at March 31, 2016                      | (49.59)              |                               | 15.03  | (34.56) |
| Profit / (Loss) for the Year                      | (3.69)               | -                             | -  | (3.69)  |
| Other Comprehensive Income for the Year           | -                    |                               | _  | -       |
| Total Comprehensive Income for the Year           | (3.69)               |                               | -  | (3.69)  |
| Balance as at March 31, 2017                      | (53.28)              |                               | 15.03  | (38.25) |

As Per Our Report of Even Date

For Amit Desai & Co

**Chartered Accountants** 

ICAI Firm Reg. No.: 130710

(Amit N. Desai)
Partner

Membership No. 03292

Mumbai:

0 8 MAY 2017

Mumbai

M. No.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Amish Yoddha

DIN No. 07081489

Amardeepika Kashyap

DIN No.07078749

Director

Director

Note 2: Cash & Cash Equivalents

(Rs. in Lakhs

| Particulars                            |        |      | As At      |            |
|--|--------|------|------------|------------|
|  | 31.03. | 2017 | 31.03.2016 | 01.04.2015 |
| Balance with Banks in Current Accounts |        | 1.01 | 1.25       | 1.54       |
| Total                                  |        | 1.01 | 1.25       | 1.54       |



(Rs. in Lakhs)
As at April 1, 2015 Note 3: Equity Share Capital As at March 31, 2017 As at March 31, 2016 Particulars **Authorised** 10,000 (31st March, 2016: 10,000 and 1st April, 2015: 10,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- Each 1.00 1.00 1.00 Issu ed, Subscribed and Fully Paid-Up 10,000 (31st March, 2016: 10,000 and 1st April, 2015: 10,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- Each Total 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

| Reconciliation of the Number of Equity Shares |               |                           |               |                      |               | 114 2045            |  |
|---|---------------|---------------------------|---------------|----------------------|---------------|---------------------|--|
|   | As at Marc    | As at March 31, 2017 As a |               | As at March 31, 2016 |               | As at April 1, 2015 |  |
| Particulars                                   | No. of Shares | Rs. In Lakhs              | No. of Shares | Rs. In Lakhs         | No. of Shares | Rs. in Lakhs        |  |
| Balance at the Beginning of the year          | 10,000        | 1.00                      | 10,000        | 1.00                 | 10,000        | 1.00                |  |
| Issued During the Year                        | -             | •                         | -             | -                    | -             | -                   |  |
| Bought Back During the Year                   | <u> </u>      |                           | -             |                      |               | <u> </u>            |  |
| Balance at the End of the Year                | 10,000        | 1.00                      | 10,000        | 1.00                 | 10,000        | 1.00                |  |

Terms /rights attached to Equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs.10/- per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. All shares rank pari passu with regards to

Details of equity shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Company: Number of Number of Number of % of Holding % of Holding % of Holding Name of the Shareholder Shares Shares Shares 100.00% 10,000 100.00% 10,000 100.00% 10,000 Pen insula Holdings and Investments Private Limited - Holding Company

### Note 4: Other Equity

(Rs. In Lakhs)

|   |                      | Reserve & Surplus                |   |         |  |  |
|---|----------------------|----------------------------------|---|---------|--|--|
| Particulars                                       | Retained<br>Earnings | Other<br>Comprehensive<br>Income | Other Reserves -Interest Free Loan by Ultimate Parent Company | Total   |  |  |
| Balance at April 1, 2015                          | (41.71)              | -                                | -   | (41.71) |  |  |
| ind AS Adjustments as at April 1, 2015            | (4.64)               | -                                | 15.03   | 10.39   |  |  |
| Changes in Accounting Policy / Prior Period Items | <u> </u>             | -                                | -   | -       |  |  |
| Restated Balance as at the April 1, 2015          | (46.36)              | -                                | 15.03   | (31.33) |  |  |
| Profit / (Loss) for the Year                      | (3.23)               | -                                | -   | (3.23)  |  |  |
| Other Comprehensive Income for the Year           | -                    | -                                | -   | -       |  |  |
| Total Comprehensive Income for the Year           | (3.23)               |                                  | -   | (3.23)  |  |  |
| Balance as at March 31, 2016                      | (49.59)              | -                                | 15.03   | (34.56) |  |  |
| Profit / (Loss) for the Year                      | (3.69)               | -                                | -   | (3.69)  |  |  |
| Other Comprehensive Income for the Year           | -                    | -                                | -   | -       |  |  |
| Total Comprehensive Income for the Year           | (3.69)               |                                  |   | (3.69)  |  |  |
| Balance as at March 31, 2017                      | (53.28)              | -                                | 15.03   | (38.25) |  |  |



## Note 5: Financial Liabilities - Borrowings

(Rs. in Lakhs)

| Particulars  | As A       |            |            |
|--|------------|------------|------------|
| r ai ucuiai s  | 31.03.2017 | 31.03.2016 | 01.04.2015 |
| Unsecured Loan  - Loan from Ultimate Controlling Entity (Peninsula Land Limited)  (Discounted for 3 years as per IND AS 109) |            | 31.35      | 27.06      |
| Terms of Repayment Repayable after three years from 1st April, 2015 and is interest free                                     |            |            |            |
| Total  | •          | 31.35      | 27.06      |

## Note 6: Trade Payables

(Rs. in Lakhs)

| Particulars                                       | As At      |            |            |  |  |  |
|---|------------|------------|------------|--|--|--|
| i di ticulai 3                                    | 31.03.2017 | 31.03.2016 | 01.04.2015 |  |  |  |
| - Micro, small and medium Enterprises<br>- Others | 0.15       | -<br>0.14  | -<br>0.16  |  |  |  |
| Total   | 0.15       | 0.14       | 0.16       |  |  |  |

| Particulars   | As At      |            |            |
|---|------------|------------|------------|
| rai titulai s   | 31.03.2017 | 31.03.2016 | 01.04.2015 |
| The principal amount remaining unpaid at the end of the year  | -          | -          | -          |
| The interest amount remaining unpaid at the end of the year   | -          | _          | -          |
| The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of Section 16 of<br>the MSMED Act 2006 along with the amount of the payment made<br>to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the year  | -          | -          | -          |
| The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006   | -          | -          | -          |
| The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year  | -          | -          | -          |
| The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under Section 23 of the MSMED Act 2006 | -          | _          | -          |



## **Note 7: Other Financial Liabilities**

(Rs. in Lakhs)

| Particulars   | As At      |            |            |  |  |  |  |
|---|------------|------------|------------|--|--|--|--|
| Particulars   | 31.03.2017 | 31.03.2016 | 01.04.2015 |  |  |  |  |
| Current Maturities of Long-Term Debt - Loan from a Ultimate Controlling Entity (Peninsula Land Limited) | 36.33      | <b>-</b>   | -          |  |  |  |  |
| Total   | 36.33      | -          | -          |  |  |  |  |

## Note 8: Other Income

(Rs. in Lakhs)

| Particulars         | Year Ended : | 31st March |
|---------------------|--------------|------------|
| Particulars         | 2017         | 2016       |
| Miscellenous Income | -            | 0.02       |
| Total               | <u> </u>     | 0.02       |

## Note 9: Finance Costs

(Rs. in Lakhs)

| Dautiaulaus       | Year Ende | ded 31st March |  |  |  |
|-------------------|-----------|----------------|--|--|--|
| Particulars       | 2017      | 2016           |  |  |  |
| Interest expenses | 4.97      | 4.29           |  |  |  |
| Bank Charges      | 0.00      | 0.00           |  |  |  |
| Total             | 4.98      | 4.29           |  |  |  |

## Note 10: Other Expenses

(Rs. in Lakhs)

| Ptila                        | Year Ended 3 | 1st March |
|------------------------------|--------------|-----------|
| Particulars                  | 2017         | 2016      |
| Payment to the Auditors      |              |           |
| - as Audit Fees              | 0.14         | 0.14      |
| - for Out of Pocket Expenses | 0.00         | 0.00      |
|                              | 0.14         | 0.14      |
| Professional Fees            | 0.11         | 0.08      |
| Filing fees                  | 0.00         | 0.07      |
| Total                        | 0.25         | 0.29      |



## Note 11: Financial Instruments – Fair Values and Risk Management

## A. Accounting classification and fair values

1-Apr-15

| Financial Assets        |       |          | -                 |       |         |       |   |         |       |
|-------------------------|-------|----------|-------------------|-------|---------|-------|---|---------|-------|
| Particulars             | FVTPL | * FVTOCI | Amortised<br>Cost | Total | Level 1 | Level | 2 | Level 3 | Total |
| Cash & Cash Equivalents | -     | -        | 1.54              | 1.54  |         |       |   |         |       |
|                         | -     | -        | 1.54              | 1.54  |         |       |   |         |       |

| Financial Liabilities |       |        |                   |       | I       |    |       |         |       |
|-----------------------|-------|--------|-------------------|-------|---------|----|-------|---------|-------|
| Pärticulars           | FVTPL | EVTOCI | Amortised<br>Cost | Total | Level 1 | Le | vel 2 | Level 3 | Total |
| Long Term Borrowings  | -     |        | 27.06             | 27.06 |         |    |       | 27.06   | 27.06 |
| Trade Payables        | -     | -      | 0.16              | 0.16  |         |    |       |         |       |
|                       |       | -      | 27.22             | 27.22 |         |    |       |         |       |

31-Mar-16

| Financial Assets        |              |        |                   |       | 1       | Γ  |        |         | T     |
|-------------------------|--------------|--------|-------------------|-------|---------|----|--------|---------|-------|
| Particulars **          | <b>EVIPL</b> | FVTÖCI | Amortised<br>Cost | Total | Level 1 | Le | vel 2. | Level 3 | Total |
| Cash & Cash Equivalents | -            | -      | 1.25              | 1.25  |         |    |        |         |       |
|                         | •            | -      | 1.25              | 1.25  |         |    |        |         |       |

| Financial Liabilities |       |        |                   | J     | i       |         | T       |       |
|-----------------------|-------|--------|-------------------|-------|---------|---------|---------|-------|
| Particulars           | FVTPL | FVTOCI | Amortised<br>Cost | Total | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
| Long Term Borrowings  | -     | -      | 31.35             | 31.35 |         |         | 31.35   | 31.35 |
| Trade Payables        | -     | -      | 0.14              | 0.14  |         |         |         |       |
|                       |       | -      | 31.49             | 31.49 |         |         | T       |       |

31-Mar-17

| Financial Assets        | ĺ     | · · · · · · | 1                 | I     |         | Γ  |       | 1       | 1     |
|-------------------------|-------|-------------|-------------------|-------|---------|----|-------|---------|-------|
| Particulars             | FVTPL | FVTOCI      | Amortised<br>Cost | Total | Level 1 | Le | vel 2 | Level 3 | Total |
| Cash & Cash Equivalents | -     | -           | 1.01              | 1.01  |         |    |       |         |       |
| ***                     | -     | -           | 1.01              | 1.01  |         |    |       |         |       |

| Financial Liabilities                |       | 1      | 1                 | Γ     |         | T +     |         | T     |
|--------------------------------------|-------|--------|-------------------|-------|---------|---------|---------|-------|
| Particulars                          | FVTPL | FVTOCI | Amortised<br>Cost | Total | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
| Current Maturities of Long term Debt | -     | -      | 36.33             | 36.33 |         |         |         |       |
| Trade Payables                       | -     |        | 0.15              | 0.15  |         |         | · -     |       |
|                                      | -     | -      | 36.47             | 36.47 |         |         |         | t     |

## B. Measurement of fair values

Valuation techniques and significant unobservable inputs

The following tables show the valuation techniques used in measuring Level 3 fair values, as well as the significant unobservable inputs used. Financial instruments measured at fair value

| Particulars                                     | Valuation technique  | Significant<br>unobservabl<br>e inputs           | sig | Inter-relationship between<br>nificant unobservable inputs<br>nd fair value measurement |
|---|--|--|-----|---|
| Long Term Loans from Ultimate Parent<br>Company | Discounted cash flow technique- The valuation model considers the present value of expected payment, discounted using a risk adjusted discount rate. The expected payment is determined by considering the possible scenarios of forecast revenue and EBITDA, the amount to be paid under each scenario and the probability of each scenario | '- Risk<br>adjusted<br>discount rate-<br>15% (31 | i e | d fair value would increase (decrease) if:<br>ted discount rate were lower (higher)     |



#### Note 11: Financial Instruments - Fair Values and Risk Management

#### C. Financial risk management

The Company has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:

- · Credit risk;
- Liquidity risk; and
- Market risk

The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Company, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to maintain a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

#### i. Risk management framework

The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Company, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to maintain a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

#### ii. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the loans and investment in debt securities. The Company establishes an allowance for impairment that represents its estimate of incurred losses in respect of other receivables and investments.

The Company held cash and cash equivalents of INR 1.01 at March 31, 2017 (March 31, 2016: INR 1.25 ). The cash and cash equivalents are held with bank and financial institution counterparties with good credit ratings

#### iii. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Company's liquidity position on the basis of expected cash flows. This monitoring includes financial ratios and takes into account the accessibility of cash and cash equivalents.

#### Exposure to liquidity risk

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted, and include estimated interest payments and exclude the impact of netting agreements.

#### Contractual cash flow

| 31-Mar-17                            | Carrying<br>Amount | Total | Within 12<br>month | 1-2 Year | 2-5 Years | <br>than 5<br>ears |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|-------|--------------------|----------|-----------|--------------------|
| Current Maturities of Long Term Debt | 36.33              | 36.33 | 36.33              |          |           |                    |
| Trade and Other Payables             | 0.15               | 0.15  | 0.15               |          |           |                    |

| 31-Mar-16                | Carrying<br>Amount | Total | Within 12<br>month | 1-2 Year | 2-5 Years | More than 5<br>Years |
|--------------------------|--------------------|-------|--------------------|----------|-----------|----------------------|
| Long Term Loan           | 31.35              | 31.35 |                    | 31.35    |           |                      |
| Trade and other payables | 0.14               | 0.14  | 0.14               |          |           |                      |

#### iv. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices – such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices – will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. Market risk is attributable to all market risk sensitive financial instruments including foreign currency receivables and payables and long term debt. We are exposed to market risk primarily related to interest rate risk and the market value of our investments affecting to parent company, since major borrowings is from parent company.

## Currency risk

The Company is exposed to currency risk on account of its trade and other payables in foreign currency. The functional currency of the Company is Indian Rupee. Currency risk is not material, as the company does not have significant exposure in foreign currency,

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk can be either fair value interest rate risk or cash flow interest rate risk. Fair value interest rate risk is the risk of changes in fair values of fixed interest bearing investments because of fluctuations in the interest rates. Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of floating interest bearing investments will fluctuate because of fluctuations in the interest rates.

The Company Major interest free borrowings is from parent.



#### PENINSULA MEGA-CITY DEVELOPMENT PRIVATE LIMITED

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended March 31, 2017

#### Note 1: Statement of Significant Accounting Policies

#### I Company Overview

Peninsula Mega-City Developement Private Limited is a subsidiary of Peninsula Holdings & Investments Private Limited("PHIPL") and PHIPL is a wholly owned subsidiary of Peninsula Land Limited ("PLL") and PLL is engaged in the real estate development. PLL is making acquisition of the real estate development project through PHIPL or through subsidiary of PHIPL. All the Company is domiciled in India.

#### II (a) Basis of Accounting

The Financial Statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) to comply with the Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the 2013 Act"), and the relevant provisions of the 2013 Act / Companies Act, 1956 ("the 1956 Act"), as applicable read with notification issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs dated 15th February 2015. The Financial Statements have been prepared on accrual basis under the historical cost convention except certain assets measured at fair value where ever require as per IND AS.

These financial statements are the Company's first Ind AS financial statements and are covered by Ind AS 101, First-time adoption of Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS 101). The transition to Ind AS has been carried out from the accounting principles generally accepted in India ("Indian GAAP") which is considered as the "Previous GAAP" for purposes of Ind AS 101.

#### (b) Use of Estimates and judgements

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the Management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) and the reported income and expenses during the year. The Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of these Financial Statements are prudent and reasonable. Future results could differ due to these estimates and the differences between the actual results and the estimates are recognised in the periods in which the results are known/ materialize.

#### A. Fair value measurement of financial instruments

When the fair values of the financial assets and liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on the quoted market prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation technique. The inputs to these models are taken from the observable market where possible, but where this is not feasible, a review of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Changes in assumptions relating to these assumptions could affect the fair value relating of financial instruments.

#### (c) Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Indian rupees, which is the functional currency of the company. All financial information presented in Indian rupees has been rounded to the nearest lacs to two decimal.

## (d) Use of Estimates and judgements

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the Management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) and the reported income and expenses during the year. The Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of these Financial Statements are prudent and reasonable. Future results could differ due to these estimates and the differences between the actual results and the estimates are recognised in the periods in which the results are known/ materialize.

## (e) Measurement of faire value

The Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values for financial instruments.

The Company has an established control framework with respect to the measurement of fair values. The management regularly reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments. If third party information is used to measure fair values, then the management assesses the evidence obtained from the third parties to support the conclusion that such valuations meet the requirements of Ind AS, including the level in the fair value hierarchy in which such valuations should be classified.

When measuring the fair value of a financial asset or a financial liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows.

Level 1: quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.

If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Company recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

#### (f) Miscellaneous Expenditure:

Preliminary and pre operative expenses are fully written off to be in line with IND AS 38.

#### (g) Revenue Recognition

- i. Interest income is recognised on time basis determined by the ansunt outstanding and the rate applicable.
- ii. Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive the payment is established.

## (h) Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

- i) Provisions involving substantial degree of estimation in measurement are recognized when there is a present obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that there will be an outflow of resources and the amount of which can be reliably estimated.
- ii) Contingent Liabilities are not recognized but are disclosed in the Notes. Contingent liabilities are disclosed in respect of possible obligations that arise from past events but their existence is confirmed by the occurrence or non future event not wholly within the control of the Company.

#### (i) Financial Assets

#### Classification

The Company classifies financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income or fair value through profit or loss on the basis of its business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

#### Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets (not measured subsequently at fair value through profit or loss) are recognised initially at fair value plus transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

#### Subsequent measurement

For the purpose of subsequent measurement, the financial assets are classified in two categories:

- Debts at amortised cost
- · Equity investments measured at fair value through profit or loss

#### Debt instruments at amortised cost

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. This category generally applies to trade and other receivables.

Debt instruments included within the fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL) category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

## Equity investments

All equity investments other than investment in subsidiaries, joint venture and associates are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company decides to classify the same either as at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) or FVTPL. The Company makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in other comprehensive income (OCI). There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to Statement of Profit and Loss, even on sale of such investments.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### <u>Derecognition</u>

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a Company of derecognised (i.e. removed from the Company's balance sheet) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either
- (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
- (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

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#### PENINSULA MEGA-CITY DEVELOPMENT PRIVATE LIMITED

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended March 31, 2017

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement. In that case, the Company also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to repay.

#### Financial Liabilities

The Company classifies all financial liabilities as subsequently measured at amortised cost.

#### Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

#### Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the Effective Interest Rate (EIR) method. Gains and losses are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss when the liabilities are derecognised.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

This category generally applies to interest-bearing loans and borrowings.

The Interest free loans from parent company is discounted @ 15%

#### Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### (j) Income tax

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or in OCI.

#### Current tax

Current tax comprises the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Current tax also includes any tax arising from dividends.

## Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if, the Company:

- a) has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts; and
- b) Intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

### Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes (including those arising from unrealised profit on inventory etc.)

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses, unused tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised; such reductions are reversed when the probability of future taxable profits improves.

Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

#### Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if:

- a) the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
- b) The deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on the same taxable entity.

## Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT)

In case the Company is liable to pay income tax u/s 115JB of Income Tax Act, 1961 (i.e. MAT), the amount of tax paid in excess of normal income tax is recognised as an asset (MAT Credit Entitlement) only if there is convincing evidence for realisation of such asset during the specified period. MAT paid during the year is charged to Statement of Profit and Loss as current tax. MAT credit entitlement is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date.

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#### Note 12: Notes to the Financial Statements

#### A Transition to Ind AS:

As stated in Note b, the Company's financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2016 are the first annual financial statements prepared in compliance with Ind

The adoption of Ind AS was carried out in accordance with Ind AS 101, using April 1, 2015 as the transition date. Ind AS 101 requires that all Ind AS standards that are effective for the first Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2016, be applied consistently and retrospectively for all fiscal years presented.

All applicable Ind AS have been applied consistently and retrospectively wherever required. The resulting difference between the carrying amounts of the assets and liabilities in the financial statements under both Ind AS and Previous GAAP as of the Transition Date have been recognized directly in equity at the Transition Date.

### In preparing these financial statements, the Company has availed itself of certain exemptions and exceptions in accordance with Ind AS 101 as

- a) Reconciliations: The following reconciliations provide a quantification of the effect of significant differences arising from the transition from Previous GAAP to Ind AS in accordance with Ind AS 101:
- Reconciliation of Balance Sheet as at April 1, 2015:
- Reconciliation of Balance Sheet as at April 1, 2016;
- Reconciliation of total comprehensive income for the year ended March 31, 2016; and
- Equity as at April 1, 2015;
- Equity as at March 31, 2016;
- Explanation of material adjustments to cash flow statements.

For the purposes of reporting as set out in Note 6, we have transitioned our basis of accounting from Indian generally accepted accounting principles ("IGAAP") to Ind AS. The accounting policies set out in note 1 have been applied in preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017, the comparative information presented in these financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2016 and in the preparation of an opening Ind AS Balance Sheet as at 1 April, 2015 (the "transition date").

In preparing our opening Ind AS balance sheet, we have adjusted amounts reported in financial statements prepared in accordance with IGAAP. An explanation of how the transition from IGAAP to Ind AS has affected our financial performance, cash flows and financial position is set out in the following tables and the notes that accompany the tables. On transition, we did not revise estimates previously made under IGAAP except where required by Ind AS.

Reconciliation of net worth as at April 01, 2015 and as at March 31, 2016

| Particulars                   | 01-Apr-15 | 31-Mar-16 |
|-------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Net worth under IGAAP         | (40.71)   | (40.98)   |
| Summary of Ind AS adjustments | 10.39     | 7.42      |
| Net worth under Ind AS        | (30.33)   | (33.56)   |

Reconciliation of Comprehensive income for the year ended on 31 March 2016

| Particulars                       | 31-Mar-16 |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|
| Comprehensive income under IGAAP  | (0.26)    |
| Summary of Ind AS adjustments     | (2.97)    |
| Comprehensive income under Ind AS | (3.23)    |

#### Notes to the reconciliation:

The Company have does not have any adjustments on account of IND AS accounting standard except as given below

The Company has taken interest free loans and deposits from ultimate parent company amounting to INR 42.09 Lacs These loans were classified as long term loans under Indian GAAP. Under Ind AS, long term loans are discounted at their present value using the market interest rate and estimated repayment term. The Company has considered a estimate of 3 year for repayment and annual rate of 15% for discounting. The discounting impact on transition date is required to be adjusted against the reserves. The impact on reserves as on the date of transition is INR Lacs 10.39 net of deferred tax. The discounting element of INR 15.03 Lacs will unwind as interest income over the next 3 year, i.e. the period considered for discounting. The unwinding of discount in the year 15-16 has resulted in Decrease in comprehensive income by INR 2.97 lacs net of deferred tax.

B The Management confirms that there are no contingent liabilities as at balance sheet date.

C Details require as per schedule III of the Companies Act 2013 wherever applicable has been provided in the notes forming parts of the accounts.

## D List of Related Parties and Transactions During the year as per IND AS-24

a Controlling Company

Peninsula Holdings and Investments Private Limited

b <u>Ultimate Controlling Company</u> / Parent Company Peninsula Land Limited (PLL)

c Key Management Personnels (KMPs) Amish Yoddha - Director

Amardeepika Kashyap-Director

d Key Managerial Personnels(KMPs) of Parent Company

Rajeev A. Piramal Harshvardhan A. Piramal Nandan A. Piramal Mahesh S. Gupta



#### Note 12: Notes to the Financial Statements

|   |         | (Rs. in Lacs) |
|---|---------|---------------|
| Details of Transaction are Follows            | 2016-17 | 2015-16       |
| a Interest Expense                            |         |               |
| PLL   | 4.97    | 4.29          |
| b Loan Amount Repaid During the Year          |         |               |
| Peninsula Land Limited                        | 1.00    |               |
| Outstanding Balances payable as at 31st March |         |               |
| c Loan Payable                                |         |               |
| PLL   | 36.33   | 31.35         |
|   | I       |               |

#### E Earnings Per Share

Basic EPS amount is calculated by dividing the profit/(loss) for the year attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit/(loss) attributable to equity holders of the parent (after adjusting for interest on the convertible preference shares) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential equity shares into equity shares.

| i) Profit / (loss) attributable to Equity Shareholders   | 2016-17 | 2015-16 |
|--|---------|---------|
| Profit (loss) for the year, attributable to the owner of the Company   | (3.69)  | (3.23   |
| ii) Weighted Average Number of Ordinary Shares   | 2016-17 | 2015-16 |
| Issued ordinary shares at April 1  | 10,000  | 10,000  |
| Weighted average number of shares  | 10,000  | 10,000  |
| Adjustments for dilution number of shares  | -       | -       |
|  |         | 40.000  |
| Basic & Diluted number of shares   | 10,000  | 10,000  |
| Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share   | (36.91) | (32.29  |
|  | (36.91) | (32.29  |
| Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share  F Reconciliation of Tax effect as per IND AS -12                             | (36.91) | (32.29  |
| Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share  F Reconciliation of Tax effect as per IND AS -12  Profit / (Loss) Before Tax | (36.91) | (32.29  |

As per para 35 & 36 of IND AS 12 on Taxes, Company has not created deferred tax assets on losses.

## b.Movement in Deferred tax balances

| Net Balance as on                              | 01-Apr-15 | Recognised in Profit<br>& Loss | 31-Mar-16 |
|--|-----------|--------------------------------|-----------|
| Deferred Tax Liabilities on Interest free loan | (4.64)    | 1.33                           | (3.32)    |

|        | & Loss |        |
|--------|--------|--------|
| (3.32) | 1.54   | (1.78) |
|        |        |        |

| G Total Liabilities                        | 31-Mar-17 | 31-Mar-16 |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| Long Term Borrowings                       | 36.33     | 31.35     |
| Less: Cash & Cash Equivalents              | 1.01      | 1.25      |
| Adjusted net debt                          | 35.32     | 30.10     |
| Total equity                               | (37.25)   | (33.56)   |
| Adjusted net debt to adjusted equity ratio | (0.95)    | (0.90)    |
|  |           |           |

H As per Notification of Ministry of Corporate Affairs dated 30th March 2017 details of specified bank notes (SBN) held and transacted during the period from 8th November 2016 to 30th December 2016 are as provided in table below.

(Rs. In Lacs)

|   |      | 1                               | ( III E003) |
|---|------|---------------------------------|-------------|
| Particulars Particulars                       | SBNs | Other<br>Denominations<br>Notes | Total       |
| Closing cash in hand as on 8th November 2016  | -    |                                 | -           |
| Add: Permitted receipts                       | -    | -                               | _           |
| Less: Permitted payments                      | -    |                                 |             |
| Less: Amount Deposited in banks               | -    | -                               | -           |
| Closing cash in hand as on 30th December 2016 | -    | -                               | -           |

I The Company registered with MCA under C!N No. U70100MH2006PTC159676



## Note 12: Notes to the Financial Statements

J The previous year figures are regrouped, recast and reclassified wherever necessary to make them comparable with the figures of the current year.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

DIN No. 07081489

Director

0 8 MAY 2017

Amardeepika Kashyap DIN No.07078749

Director

Place: Mumbai

